

Attn: Alaska Board Of Fisheries RC 6 ①

Re: Public Comment of Eric Osborne, Commercial
Box 1761 Nome, Alaska 99762 Fisherman

Honorable Board of Fisheries,

I am submitting public comment
on two topics brought forward by
~~[redacted]~~ the Northern Norton
Sound Advisory Board.

First and most imperatively is
the petition to close the Summer and
Winter seasons of the Norton Sound
Red King Crab fishery.

I began commercial fishing winter
king crab in the winter of 1978-1979.
The biomass of crab has had a couple
of cyclical expansions and contractions during
the ensuing decades. There has never
been a closure. The winter quota is
minuscule, in the 13,000 lb range
this year.

The proposed Summer Red King Crab
quota has been set by the most
conservative statistical model ever applied
by a respected team of excellent biologists.

②

The moderate summer quota will address conservation of the resource and the ADFG's mandate under the Alaska Constitution to manage the fishery for "Maximum Sustainable Yield."

I also assert that [] ^{I firmly} misstates the fact in his petition that the majority of commercial crabbers want a closure. I've made many calls and contacts since very belatedly coming into awareness of this petition. None of those I contacted want a closure. These people are heavily invested in a business that sustains families. And accrues various forms of debt that need service.

We had markets fishermen developed prior to our CDQ group's entry into buying crab here. And their absence as a buyer this year will allow fishermen to explore more lucrative niche markets again.

Their support of the fishery has contributed to a distortion of perception of the crab biomass as well. NOAA trawl surveys show the crab biomass

has moved, due to warming seas I believe. ③
The biomass is centered west of Sledge Island,
where the Seward Peninsula bends toward
the Bering Strait. NS EDC's large modern
tenders service a village fleet off
Golovin Bay in Eastern Norton Sound. It's
shallow water, and last year incredibly
warm. Fresh long strands of Bull Kelp
typically native to Southeast Alaska were
washed up on Golovin's beach when I
visited in July. I caught a strange yellow
and black fish in my salmon net east of
Nome. My first Atka Mackerel in 40 years.

Crab are now in deeper, swifter, rougher
waters to the West. The other mitigating
factor directly in front of Nome is the
intense cluster of floating gold dredges
that affect benthic habitat. Including organ-
isms that crab feed on. A nutritional
desert, if you will. This is where locals in
Nome set subsistence pots. But farther West
and East there are winter crab.

This proposed closure is going to be
a political attempt to pander to fear
mongering locally to bolster self importance.

Norton Sound should not descend
into becoming a petri dish for unnecessary
policy. This proposed methodology will
potentially affect the management of other
statewide crab fisheries.

The lack of public notice of the meeting
leading to this decision. And the last minute
change in time and venue without the
legally mandated 1 week of notice bring
into question the legality of the Northern
Advisory Board's vote. This has been a long
standing problem. While posting online
at the state's website meets legal criteria
it does not meet the moral obligation
to inform the public by posting on the
various bulletin boards around town or
placing notice in our local paper. Their
history of calling membership votes during
business hours deprives the working/fishing
population an opportunity to attend,
nominate and vote.

(3)

It leads to a stagnant leadership structure with a false sense of entitlement.

On the proposal to deny replacement of lost pots in the winter fishery, I would again disagree. Moving ice causes occasional great losses of gear in the benthic crab fisheries in the northern Bering Sea. The vessels report losses and replace.

In Nome fishermen have accepted limitations in gear in the Winter King Crab fishery. From unlimited gear numbers, to 40 pots and then to 20 currently. These are small winter pots that crab often crawl out of when bait sours. And they have cotton escape panels. Again we neednt become a petri dish for shortsighted policy that could in time be applied to other fisheries. Crabbing in all forms is inherently risky. There needs to be sufficient leeway in regulation to economically prosecute the fishery.

Thank you for your consideration
of my views and sincere critique.